# TACTIC: COLLECTION OF SMALL CARCASSES AND DOCUMENTATION OF LARGE CARCASSES<sup>1</sup>

## **Objective and Strategy**

- Remove oiled and unoiled carcasses from the environment to prevent secondary contamination of scavengers.
- Document carcass species, locations, and other information to evaluate the impact of the spill on affected populations and to assess overall impact of a spill event on the environment.

#### **Tactic Description**

- Carcasses that are small enough to be removed from the environment (e.g., fish, shellfish, small mammals, and birds) need to be documented, collected, and transferred or disposed of according to protocol. Often, carcasses will be delivered to a wildlife agency representative at a single location – the Evidence Custodian at the morgue facility.
- Carcasses that are too large to remove from the environment need to be documented and perhaps sampled. Sample collection from large carcasses is not included in this tactic.
  - For additional information about large carcass documentation, please refer to the training video for this tactic, *Carcass Collection and Documentation during an Oil Spill Response*, available on the ARRT <u>Wildlife Protection Guidelines</u> webpage.
  - For large carcass sampling, see "Dead Marine Mammal Recovery and Field Processing Procedures" in the NMFS Cook Inlet and Kodiak Marine Mammal Disaster Response Guidelines, available from the <u>NOAA Institutional Repository</u>.

## **Safety Considerations**

- Bear guards, or appropriate bear safety equipment, should be used where bears may be present, or as outlined in the incident-specific Safety Plan.
- Slips, trips, and falls are a particular hazard for carcass collection because people may be focused on searching for carcasses while walking in rough, slippery terrain.
- Avoid steep and unstable surfaces (cliffs, mud, exposed slopes, shoreline rocks with surf, etc.).
- Primary PPE for carcass collection are nitrile gloves. Other PPE (e.g., oil-resistant outerwear such as Tyvek coveralls) will be outlined in the incident-specific Safety Plan, and is dependent on the level of carcass oiling, amount of oil in the environment, and weather.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> This tactic can be found in the Wildlife Protection Guidelines for Oil Spill Response in Alaska (WPG) in Section 9740.3.3.

## **Operational Considerations**

## Operating Environments, Geographic Considerations, and Access

- Carcass collection may be performed in all environments where a spill can occur, including:
  - On land;
  - Lakes, streams, and rivers and associated shorelines;
  - Marine shorelines, marine nearshore, and open water.
- Responders may search for carcasses on foot or by vehicle (snow machine, truck, ATV, boat, aircraft) depending on the size, location, and complexity of the spill; terrain; and land ownership/access.
- While carcass collection and disposition procedures will follow this tactic, how those carcasses are found carcass surveys may vary depending on the size, location, and complexity of the spill; survey protocols may be incident-specific.

## Species Type and Life Stage

- **Birds and small mammals:** Collect partial carcasses and intact, whole birds and small mammals, regardless of degree of scavenging, disintegration, or decomposition. Do not collect single feathers, or feather or fur clumps, that are not attached to skin or other body part. Collect disarticulated carcasses (those in separate pieces) by bagging and tagging all pieces that likely came from the same animal as one whole animal.
- Large mammals (adult bears, whales, seals, sea lions, walruses, and some ungulates): Response personnel should notify Unified Command immediately upon finding carcasses that are too large to be collected. These must be documented by the carcass collection team and may subsequently be sampled by separate agency or authorized personnel. Carcasses of young large mammals such as cubs or calves should be collected when possible. Collect disarticulated carcasses (those in separate pieces) by bagging and tagging all pieces that likely came from the same animal as one whole animal.
- Other aquatic species (fish, shellfish, and invertebrates): Collect partial and intact whole carcasses, regardless of degree of scavenging, disintegration, or decomposition. If large numbers of disarticulated or very small carcasses are found, incident-specific protocols may be developed to facilitate their collection.
- **Oily waste:** Oiled carcasses are considered oily waste. Any oiled carcasses, such as large mammals or a large fish kill, that are not transported to the Evidence Custodian or morgue must be documented and disposed of according to the incident Waste Management Plan, after approval by wildlife agencies.

## **Communications**

- Ensure all forms and tags are accurate and complete at the end of each shift.
- Follow incident-specific procedures to submit forms to USFWS, NMFS, ADF&G, and the Documentation Unit. Ensure tags will stay with the carcasses.
- Follow incident-specific reporting thresholds (e.g., report any and all protected species) to Unified Command and wildlife agencies.
- All responders should immediately report observations of carcasses through their supervisor to Unified Command. Reports should include (at a minimum):
  - 1. Observer name, time, date, and location (latitude/longitude and location description);
  - 2. Species or species group and numbers of each species observed;
  - 3. Estimated degree of oiling and location of carcass relative to known oiled area;
  - 4. Photographs, if possible.

## Equipment, Vehicles or Vessels, and Personnel for Carcass Collection Tactic

• See <u>Table 1</u> (begins on next page).

EQUIPMENT	QUANTITY	FUNCTION/NOTES
Personal Protective Equipment (PPE)	As needed	Ensure safety of responders
Bear pepper spray	As needed	As outlined in incident-specific Safety Plan
GPS Unit	1	Document locations
Camera	1	Documentation
Photo scale	1	Documentation
Binoculars	1 per person or team	Search for carcasses; situational awareness
Extra batteries for GPS unit and camera	1 set each	Avoid electronics down time
Carcass Collection Kit (for 10 small birds	1 or more	Enable the safe and proper collection and
or mammals, 1-3 eagles, 1-3 sea otters)		documentation of carcasses.
Large/XL Cooler or tote	1	Wheeled if possible
Paperwork:		
Incident-specific maps or shoreline segment maps	1 set	
Carcass Chain of Custody (CoC) Tags (white)	15	
Pre-printed Individual Carcass Identification Tags (yellow)	15	If pre-printed tags are unavailable, use water- resistant labels with: date, time, location, collector's name, and an assigned sequential carcass ID number.
Carcass Collection Forms	5	Print forms on water-resistant (e.g., Rite-in-the-Rain <sup>®</sup> ) paper.
Ziploc <sup>®</sup> bags for Carcass Collection Forms	5	
Carcass Collection Protocol	1	Print on water-resistant (e.g., Rite-in-the-Rain <sup>®</sup> ) paper.
Transport Log for Carcasses	10	For use by Transporter – may be with them. Print on water-resistant (e.g., Rite-in-the-Rain®) paper.
Pencil and permanent pen (e.g., Sharpie®)	5 each	
Clipboard	1	
Printed permits and authorizations	1 or more	May be from multiple agencies (USFWS, NMFS, and ADF&G) and landowners.
Water resistant field notebook	1 per person	
Collection supplies:		
Brown (kraft) paper bags, small	10	Lunch bags
Brown (kraft) paper bags, large	6	Leaf or lawn bags
Non-coated (e.g., kraft) roll of paper	1	If carcasses larger than will fit in a large paper bag are anticipated.
Plastic bags, small (e.g., gallon size Ziplocs®)	10	

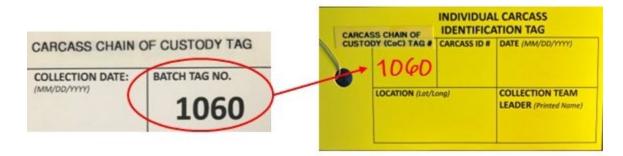
Table 1: Equipment, Vehicles or Vessels, and Personnel for Carcass Collection Tactic.

EQUIPM	ENT	QUA	NTITY		FUNCTION/NOTES
Plastic bags, larg		1	LO		
trash bags, comp	<u> </u>				
Twist ties, zip-tie			acket		
Nitrile gloves, on			pairs		
Field scissors or l	knife		1		
Flagging			roll		
Ice packs			4	If available.	
VESSEL/VE	HICLES	QUA	NTITY		FUNCTION/NOTES
Various depending on a environment, size, and include trucks, ATVs, b etc.	complexity. May	Va	ries		ss collectors to search, locate, transport carcasses to central rgue).
PERSONNEL	TACTIC-SPEC TRAINING		QL	JANTITY	FUNCTION/NOTES
Carcass Collector	Carcass collectior training	١		1	Supervises field operations and physically handles and bags carcasses.
Data Recorder	Carcass collectior training	ı		1	Completes forms, photo- documentation, records GPS coordinates (Lat/Long), and performs other administrative duties.
Transporter	Transporter train	ing	on co	s, depending mplexity of ncident	Transfers carcasses from field collection location to central location (morgue).
Evidence Custodian/ Designated Agency Personnel			1	or more	Receives carcasses and documentation from field teams; often are USFWS or NMFS law enforcement personnel.

Notes:

## **Implementation**

- 1) Preparation:
  - a) Obtain PPE, equipment, and printed copy of Permits and Authorizations.
  - b) Ensure activities can be safely conducted.
  - c) Determine if Bear Guards or bear safety equipment are needed for shoreline or inland activities in accordance with the incident-specific Safety Plan.
- 2) Field Implementation (see also Figure 1: Carcass Collection Job Aid for Small Carcasses)
  - a) **RECORDER**: Complete top of Carcass Collection Form, following instructions on back of form.
    - Fill out the shoreline search section of the form only if instructed to do so, using incidentspecific protocols.
    - > Take photos as needed to document carcasses in the field.
  - b) **COLLECTOR**: Wearing new nitrile gloves, place individual carcass in paper bag, then in clear plastic bag. For larger carcasses, wrap in uncoated (e.g., kraft) paper or aluminum foil and then place in larger plastic bags.
    - > Do NOT put carcasses directly in plastic bags.
    - > Do NOT place nitrile gloves in bag with carcasses.
  - c) **RECORDER**: Complete a yellow Individual Carcass Identification Tag for each carcass.
    - The Carcass Chain of Custody (CoC) Tag # is the Batch Tag No. on the Carcass Chain of Custody (CoC) Tag:



The Carcass ID # on Individual Carcass Identification Tag is the pre-printed number from the next blank line on the Carcass Collection Form:



- Individual Carcass Identification Tags may be a color other than yellow. If pre-printed Individual Carcass Identification Tags are not available, use waterproof paper to create a tag and write the date, time, location (Lat/Long), and Collector's Name on it.
- d) **COLLECTOR**: Tie completed Individual Carcass Identification Tags to the outside of each plastic carcass bag.
- e) **RECORDER**: On the Individual Carcass Log section of the Carcass Collection Form, complete the line corresponding to the selected Carcass ID No. (Lat/Long, Species, Condition, etc.):

			INDIVIDU	AL CARCAS	S LOG		
Carcass ID #	Latitude (decimal degrees)	Longitude (decimal degrees)	Species	Condition FRESH, DEG, MUM	NO, LT, MOD,	Photo #	Comments
01							
02							
03							

- f) **COLLECTOR**: Place bagged and tagged carcasses inside of larger plastic "batch" bag.
  - A "batch" is the number of animals that fit inside a large plastic bag and will vary from 1 to 10 carcasses depending on species size and number of carcasses.
- g) **RECORDER AND COLLECTOR**: Repeat Steps b-f until the batch is complete.
  - Start a new "batch" when: 1) Ten carcasses have been collected (and Carcass Collection Form is complete); 2) Batch bag is full; or 3) Moving to a new area.
- h) **RECORDER**: Place completed Carcass Collection Form in a re-sealable, waterproof (e.g., Ziploc®) bag. Place this bag inside the batch bag but outside of any individual carcass bags.
- i) **RECORDER**: Complete and sign a Carcass Chain of Custody (CoC) Tag for each batch of carcasses.
- j) **COLLECTOR**: Tie completed, signed Carcass Chain of Custody (CoC) Tag to outside of batch bag.
- k) **RECORDER**: For carcasses too large to collect, take photographs and write in field notebook:
  - Personnel name(s), time, date, and location (Lat/Long and description);
  - Species or species group and numbers of each species observed;
  - Estimated degree of oiling and location of carcass relative to known oiled area;
  - > Number and location of photographs.

## 3) Transport and Storage

- a) **RECORDER AND TRANSPORTER**: Sign Carcass Chain of Custody (CoC) Tag when carcasses are transferred.
- b) **TRANSPORTER**: Complete Transport Log for Carcasses following instructions on back of form.
- c) **TRANSPORTER**: Keep carcasses as cool as possible.
- d) **TRANSPORTER**: Deliver carcasses to additional TRANSPORTER if needed (i.e., from vessel to vehicle) or to agency-designated Evidence Custodian at morgue or designated transfer point.
  - The Carcass Chain of Custody (CoC) Tag is signed by both TRANSPORTERS each time the carcasses change possession.

The Evidence Custodian will sign the Carcass Chain of Custody (CoC) Tag, and inspect and catalogue all collected carcasses, then ensure storage until plans are made for final disposal.

#### 4) Deliverables

- □ Correctly bagged carcasses and batches of carcasses.
- □ Completed Individual Carcass Identification Tag for each carcass.
- □ Completed Carcass Chain of Custody (CoC) Tag for each "batch" of 1-10 carcasses.
- □ Completed Carcass Collection Form for each "batch" of 1-10 carcasses.
- □ Completed Transport Log for Carcasses for each shift and mode of transportation.
- □ Copies of field notebooks and photographs for each shift.
- □ SD cards, cameras, and GPS units turned in or data downloaded.

#### Notes:

## Additional Resources for Small Carcass Collection and Large Carcass

## Documentation and Sampling

- Figure 1: Carcass Collection Job Aid for Small Carcasses (on page 10; full-page version available on the ADEC Area Plan <u>References and Tools</u> webpage).
- See the video tutorial of this tactic for demonstrations of small carcass collection and large carcass documentation.
- Equipment lists for sampling and collection of large carcasses, especially marine mammals, can be found in "Appendix 5: Equipment Lists Per Response Activity" in the NMFS Cook Inlet and Kodiak Marine Mammal Disaster Response Guidelines, the <u>NOAA</u> <u>Institutional Repository</u>.

## Related Tactics

• Wildlife Reconnaissance (Recon; WPG Section 9740.3.2)

## References

- National Marine Fisheries Service. 2017. NMFS Arctic Marine Mammal Disaster Response Guidelines. U.S. Dep. Commerce, NOAA Tech. Memo. NMFS-F/AKR-16. 81 p. doi: 10.7289/V5/TM-F/AKR-16. Available from the <u>NOAA Institutional Repository</u>.
- National Marine Fisheries Service. 2019. Cook Inlet & Kodiak Marine Mammal Disaster Response Guidelines. NOAA Fisheries Guidance Document. pp 80 + appendices. Available from the <u>NOAA Institutional Repository</u>.

 Ziccardi, M.H., S.M. Wilkin, T.K. Rowles, and S. Johnson. 2015. Pinniped and Cetacean Oil Spill Response Guidelines. U.S. Dept. of Commerce, NOAA. NOAA Technical Memorandum NMFS - OPR - 52, 138 p. Available from the <u>NOAA Institutional</u> <u>Repository</u>.

## Forms (on beginning on page 11)

- Figure 2: Carcass Collection Form
  - A printable version of this form is available on the on the ADEC <u>Area Plan</u> <u>References and Tools</u> webpage.
  - Print landscape orientation on both sides of one sheet of water-resistant paper.
- Figure 3: Individual Carcass Identification Tag
  - Pre-printed, as pictured, or use a water-resistant blank tag, two sides.
- Figure 4: Carcass Chain of Custody (CoC) Tag
  - Pre-printed or use a water-resistant blank tag, two sides.
- Figure 5: Transport Log for CARCASSES
  - A printable version of this form is available on the on the ADEC <u>Area Plan</u> <u>References and Tools</u> webpage.

Print landscape orientation on both sides of one sheet of water-resistant paper.

Figure 1: Carcass Collection Job Aid for Small Carcasses (full-page version available on the ADEC <u>Area Plan References and</u> Tools webpage).

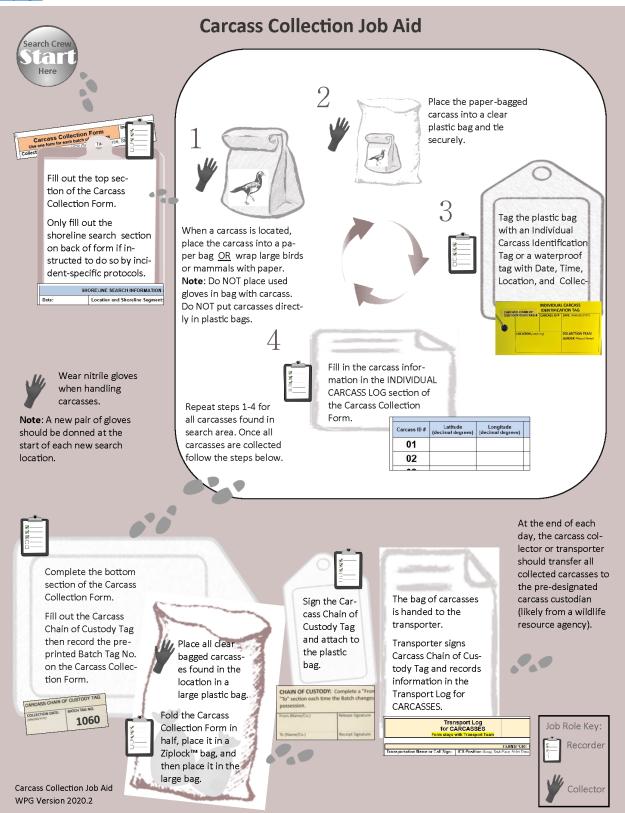


Figure 2: Carcass Collection Form (two pages; full-page version available on the ADEC Area Plan References and Tools webpage).

	ass Collectio		Incident Nar	ne:			Today's l	Date (mm/dd/yyyy):	INV (OLE Use Only):
ICS Position assigned):	(Group, Task Force, S	Strike Team, or other i	name if no ICS Po	osition		ass Collecto	<b>r</b> Name & El	mployer (Phone & Ema	il, if no ICS
Data Recordo	<b>er</b> Name & Employer	(Phone & Email, if no	ICS position):	1				n <b>permits &amp; autho</b> i ] <mark>If not, Do Not Colle</mark>	
Camera & SD	Card ID #:	C	GPS & SD Card	I ID #:				NGS84 preferred) 🗌 027 🗌 Other:	-
General Locat	ion or Shoreline S	egment:			I	f applicable, fil	l out Shoreli	ine Search Informatic	n on rever
		_		CARCAS	S LO	-		_	
Carcass ID #	Latitude (decimal degrees)	Longitude (decimal degrees)	Species	Condit FRESH, I MUM	DEG,	<b>Oiling</b> NO, LT, MOD, HV, UNK	Photo #	Commer	its
01									
02									
03									
04									
05									
06									
07									
08									
09									
10									
For this batch,	record white <b>Carca</b> s I form and put inside	ss Chain of Custod	y Tag pre-printe	ed Batch	Tag N	lo.:	_and Tota	I number of carcass	es:

#### INSTRUCTIONS: Carcass Collection Form (or follow incident-specific protocols if available)

					· ·	· ·	; ;
Incident Name and			ion of Carcass Collection Team, if				ord information for designated Carcass
Date: Fill out.	applicable. Record	other	identifier if no ICS position.	Collector,	who s	erves as	Collection Team Leader.
Data Recorder: Reco	ord information for	Pern	nits and Authorizations: Ask your su	upervisor. I	f permi	ts have n	ot been obtained, you are not authorized to
the person filling out the	nis form.	colle	ct carcasses, although you can take pl	hotos and c	docume	ent their lo	ocation.
			rs of assigned camera and GPS unit an IERA USE IS NOT RECOMMENDED.	nd the SD	GPS prefe		Check one (found in GPS settings). WGS84 is
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·			on navigational charts or maps, and (if	applicable)	) name	or numbe	er of assigned shoreline segment.
<b>Carcass ID #:</b> When Individual Carcass ID (1-10) to record for "C	Tag, this is the numb	oer	Latitude and Longitude: Decimal D Regardless of format, include any de degrees/minutes/seconds. If no GPS describe the location where carcass	cimals or s S unit is ava	ymbols	for	<b>Species:</b> Record the species as precisely as you can. For example, you might ID a gull as "mew gull" (to species), or as "unidentified gull" or "bird."
insect/crustacean intru of the following: eyeb insects/crustaceans/of	usion or other scaver alls sunken or gone; ther animals; expose <b>JM'</b> = mummified. O	nging. body ed fles	are plump and intact, body is whole wit <b>'DEG'</b> = degraded body condition, wi decomposing or being eaten by sh does not appear completely dried ou kin, bones, or feathers remain, or expos	ith one or m ut; or some	nore	LT = lig MOD = HV = he UNK =	o obvious oil on body. ht spots of oil. patches over more of the body than LT. eavily oiled, over most of the body. unknown.
Photo #: Digital photo large number of simila			en on whiteboard and photographed w graphed as a group.	vith carcass	s. A		ents: Please note any additional information u think might be useful.
Carcass Chain of Cu (1-10).	stody (CoC) Batch	Tag N	<b>lo:</b> Write pre-printed Batch Tag No. fro	om white Ca	arcass	CoC Tag	, & total number of carcasses for this batch

SHO	DRELINE SEARCH INFORMATION (complete this se	ction only if following protocol for SHORELINE SEARCHES)
Date:	Location and Shoreline Segment:	Carcass Collector Name:
Start / Stop Times:	/ Start / Stop GPS Coordinates (deci	mal degrees):
Wind is Toward: Wa	ater $\Box$ Land $\Box$ Along Beach $\Box$ No wind $\Box$	Search Platform: Walking 🗆 Boat
Dominant Shoreline	Type: Sand  Pebble Cobble Boulder	Bedrock 🗌 Vertical Cliff 🗌 Marsh 🗌 Sand/Mud Flat 🗌 Other 🗌
Beach Width Searche	ed (feet): Search Path: Single Path 🗌 Out	t-and-back 🗆
Comments:		
Carcass Collection Forr	n – WPG Version 2020.2 (back page)	

Figure 3: Individual Carcass Identification Tag (pre-printed or water-resistant two-sided blank tag); one per carcass.

CARCAS	SS CHAIN OF	INDIVIDUAL IDENTIFICA	
		CARCASS ID #	DATE (MM/DD/YYYY)
	LOCATION (Lat/L	ong)	COLLECTION TEAM LEADER (Printed Name)

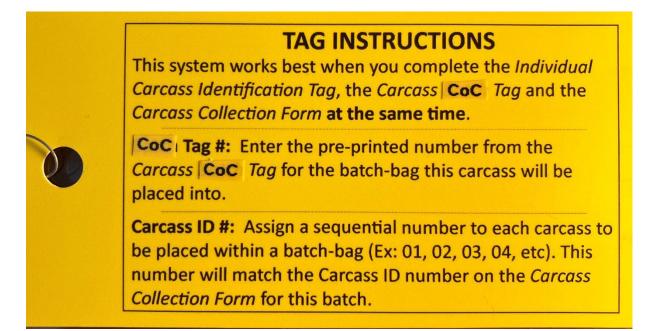


Figure 4: Carcass Chain of Custody (CoC) Tag (pre-printed or water-resistant two-sided blank tag); one per batch of carcasses.

				0	
CARCASS CHAIN O	F CUSTODY TAG		N OF CUSTODY: section each time t	Complete a "From' he Batch changes	and
COLLECTION DATE: (MM/DD/YYYY)	BATCH TAG NO.	Sec. Sec. Sec. Sec. Sec. Sec. Sec. Sec.	ession.		
	1060	From (1	Name/Co.)	Release Signature	Date
COLLECTION TEAM NA	ME:	To (Nar	me/Co.)	Receipt Signature	Date
LOCATION DESCRIPTIO	N:		Name/Co.)	Release Signature	Date
LIST OF EACH CARCASS			ime/Co.)	Receipt Signature	Date Date
			(Name/Co.)	Release Signature	
			ame/Co.) (Name/Co.)	Receipt Signature Release Signature	Date
			ame/Co.)	Receipt Signature	Date
			(Name/Co.)	Release Signature	Date
		To (N	ame/Co.)	Receipt Signature	Date
NAME OF COLLECTION	TEAM LEADER:	From	(Name/Co.)	Release Signature	Date
		To (N	lame/Co.)	Receipt Signature	Date
COMPLETE CHAIN OF CU	STODY ON REVERSE SIDE				

Figure 5: Transport Log for Carcasses (two pages; full-page version available on the ADEC Area Plan References and Tools webpage).

	for C	nsport Log ARCASSES with Transport Team	Incident Nan	ne:	
	Form stays				
		TRANSPORT TEAM			
Transportation Nam	ne or Call Sign	ICS Position Group, Task Force, Strike Team:	Data Recorder	Name & Employer (Phone & Email, if there is no ICS position	n):
Type: BOAT 🗌 AIRCRAI	T 🗌 VEHICLE [				
		LOG INFOR	MATION		
	cies or Tra	ansporter Received the Carcass(es) FROM	DATE/TIME	Transporter Gave the Carcass(es) <u>TO</u> :	DATE/TIME
Found on Grou Carcass Chain Sea	up (bird, Nan a otter, of C	ne of the signatory (From/Release) on the Carcass Chain Sustody Tag. Include Transportation Name or Call Sign, Jation or ICS Position	(MM/DD/YYYY)	Name of the signatory (To/Receipt) on the Carcass Chain of Custody Tag. Include Transportation Name or Call Sign, Affiliation or ICS Position	(MM/DD/YYYY
sea	al, etc.)				
			I		

Batch Tag	Species or	Transporter Rec	eived the Carcass(es) FROM:	DATE/TIME	Transporter Gave t	he Carcass(es) TO:	
Number Found on Carcass Chain of Custody Tag	Species Group (bird, sea otter, seal, etc.)	Name of the signatory	ν (From/Release) on the Carcass Chain sportation Name or Call Sign, Affiliation			o/Receipt) on the Carcass Chain rtation Name or Call Sign,	(MM/DD/YYY
orm stays with document eacl ecorded in thi	h the boat/vehicle h boat/vehicle/air	e/aircraft; copies wi craft's transport ac rcass or batch of c	INSTRUCTIONS: Transport h transport boat/vehicle/aircraft Il be requested by officials withir tivity and as a backup in case th arcasses transported AND each	to track each cai in the Incident Ma ne Carcass Chai	rcass or batch of carca magement Team. This n of Custody Tag is los	s information is important to st or damaged. Information	record both should be
form stays with document eac recorded in thi accepting or tr	n the boat/vehicle h boat/vehicle/air s log for each ca ansferring carcas	e/aircraft; copies wi craft's transport ac rcass or batch of ca sses.	h transport boat/vehicle/aircraft Il be requested by officials withir tivity and as a backup in case th arcasses transported AND each er or incident assigned name.	to track each cai in the Incident Ma ne Carcass Chain transporter mus	cass or batch of carca nagement Team. This n of Custody Tag is los t complete and sign th	s information is important to st or damaged. Information	record both should be
orm stays with document eacl recorded in thi accepting or tr Incident Nam Transportatio poat/vehicle/ai	n the boat/vehicle h boat/vehicle/air s log for each ca ansferring carcas e: Incident-speci n Name or Call	e/aircraft; copies wi craft's transport ac rcass or batch of ca sses. fic assigned numbe <b>Sign:</b> Record entifying number.	h transport boat/vehicle/aircraft Il be requested by officials withir tivity and as a backup in case th arcasses transported AND each	to track each can the Incident Mane Carcass Chain transporter mus <b>VINFORMATIO</b> he transport boa	rcass or batch of carca anagement Team. This n of Custody Tag is los t complete and sign th N N t/vehicle/aircraft.	s information is important to st or damaged. Information	o record both should be dy Tag when
orm stays with document eacl recorded in thi accepting or tr <b>Incident Nam</b> Transportatio poat/vehicle/ai Transport Typ	h the boat/vehicle/air h boat/vehicle/air s log for each ca ansferring carcas e: Incident-speci n Name or Call rcraft name or id be: Check appro	e/aircraft; copies wi craft's transport ac rcass or batch of ca sses. fic assigned number <b>Sign:</b> Record entifying number. priate box.	h transport boat/vehicle/aircraft Il be requested by officials withir tivity and as a backup in case th arcasses transported AND each er or incident assigned name. TRANSPORT TEAN ICS Position: ICS position of t Indicate all areas of assignmer Team 1 or WL TF1, ST1). LOG INFOR	to track each can h the Incident Ma he Carcass Chain transporter mus <b>MINFORMATIO</b> he transport boan h. ( <i>Ex: Wildlife</i> , <b>SMATION</b>	rcass or batch of carca inagement Team. This n of Custody Tag is lo t complete and sign th complete and sign th t/vehicle/aircraft. <i>Task Force 1, Strike</i>	s information is important to st or damaged. Information he Carcass Chain of Custoo <b>Data Recorder:</b> Record i the person filling out this	o record both should be dy Tag when information <i>f</i>
orm stays with document eacl recorded in thi accepting or tr <b>Incident Nam</b> Transportatio poat/vehicle/ai Transport Typ	h the boat/vehicle/air h boat/vehicle/air s log for each ca ansferring carcas e: Incident-speci n Name or Call rcraft name or id be: Check appro	e/aircraft; copies wi craft's transport ac rcass or batch of ca sses. fic assigned numbe <b>Sign:</b> Record entifying number.	h transport boat/vehicle/aircraft Il be requested by officials withir tivity and as a backup in case th arcasses transported AND each er or incident assigned name. TRANSPORT TEAN ICS Position: ICS position of t Indicate all areas of assignmer Team 1 or WL TF1, ST1). LOG INFOF Carcass Chain of Spect	to track each can h the Incident Ma he Carcass Chain transporter mus <b>MINFORMATIO</b> he transport boan h. ( <i>Ex: Wildlife</i> , <b>SMATION</b>	rcass or batch of carca inagement Team. This n of Custody Tag is lo t complete and sign th complete and sign th t/vehicle/aircraft. <i>Task Force 1, Strike</i>	s information is important to st or damaged. Information ne Carcass Chain of Custoo Data Recorder: Record i	o record both should be dy Tag when information <i>f</i>